

## CHAPITRE II : NOMBRES COMPLEXES

## Correction

On calcule  $|a| = \sqrt{(-4)^2 + 4^2} = \sqrt{32} = 4\sqrt{2}$ . On peut alors réécrire

$$a = 4\sqrt{2} \left( -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} + i\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \right) = 4\sqrt{2} \left( \cos \frac{3\pi}{4} + i \sin \frac{3\pi}{4} \right) = 4\sqrt{2} e^{i\frac{3\pi}{4}}.$$

On a

$$b = \frac{(1 + i\sqrt{3})(\sqrt{3} - i)}{(\sqrt{3} + i)(\sqrt{3} - i)} = \frac{2\sqrt{3} + 2i}{4} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} + \frac{1}{2}i = \cos \frac{\pi}{6} + i \sin \frac{\pi}{6} = e^{i\frac{\pi}{6}}.$$